

#### 14. Which famous artist made it?

- D** Anatol  
**F** Günther Uecker  
**Y** Otto Piene

With your back to the work of art, go straight on, cross Schadowstraße, then take a right across Königsallee.

#### 15. Who do you see on your left, at the start of the Kö-Graben?

- T** Mars  
**W** Amor  
**S** Triton

Continue straight on as far as Heinrich-Heine-Platz. You will see Carsch-Haus, formerly Horten.

### Solution

If you answer all the questions correctly, you will obtain the following solution:

10 3 7 1 13 11 6 8 2 17 15 4 12 16 5 9 14

When you have found the solution, just send us the correct word by post or e-mail to take part in our competition. All correct entries will enter our prize draw for a chance to win a little Düsseldorf souvenir.

#### Düsseldorf Tourismus GmbH

City Rally Competition, PO Box 10 21 63, 40012 Düsseldorf, Germany  
info@visitduesseldorf.de

The closing date is 31 December of each year. The judge's decision is final.

### Discover the city

- Free ride on public transport in Düsseldorf
- Discounts of up to 100% on around 50 offers, such as guided city tours, museums, souvenirs and much more!

#### Available (Tourist Information Offices)

**i** At central station  
Immermannstraße 65 b

**i** In the Stadtmuseum  
Berger Allee 2

[www.duesseldorf-tourismus.de/duesseldorfcard](http://www.duesseldorf-tourismus.de/duesseldorfcard)

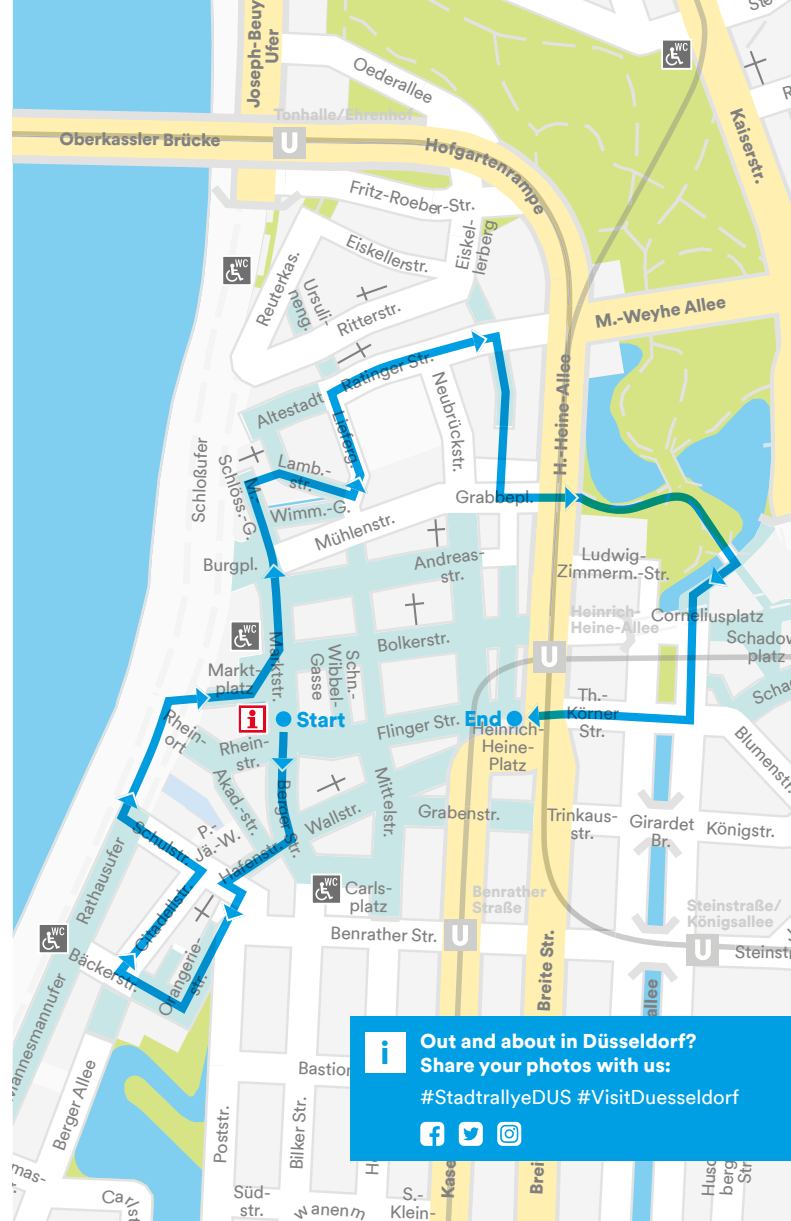
#### 16. Which statement is correct?

- D** Because the subway was being built, Carsch-Haus was dismantled stone by stone and rebuilt 23 metres from its original location.  
**Z** Owing to the construction of the Rhine embankment tunnel, a new location had to be found for the department store.  
**R** The neoclassical sandstone edifice was built by Joseph Maria Olbrich.

To the left of Carsch-Haus, you will see the Wilhelm-Marx-Haus, Germany's first office high-rise.

#### 17. When was it built?

- E** 1873  
**M** 1948  
**S** 1922



City Rally



# Düsseldorf quest

**Düsseldorf**  
Live close Feel free



Published by:

**:DÜSSELDORF**  
Tourismus

Benrather Straße 9, 40213 Düsseldorf  
T +49 211 17 202-0, F +49 211 17 202-32 50  
info@visitduesseldorf.de  
[www.visit-duesseldorf.de](http://www.visit-duesseldorf.de)

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You start off in the Altstadt (Old Town), the historical heart of the city, and go from there to the modern Libeskind buildings at the Kö-Bogen, finally arriving at the centrally located Heinrich-Heine-Platz. For ease of orientation, the route is sketched out in the map section inserted into the folder.

## We hope you'll enjoy your discovery tour of Düsseldorf with its exciting sights and attractions.

Something's "brewing" opposite the Tourist Information Office on Berger Straße.

### 1. Why?

- A** Two cheery Rhineland characters have bumped into each other.
- D** The herbs in Killepitsch liqueur would taste dreadful otherwise.
- O** Altbier (dark, top-fermented beer) can't be brewed without top-fermented yeast.

Continue along Berger Straße and then turn right onto Hafenstraße.

### 2. What's the name of the restaurant where Napoleon himself was known to have dined?

- I** "Zum alten Fährmann"
- E** "Brauerei Zum Schiffchen"
- N** "Zum goldenen Löwen"

At the end of Hafenstraße you'll come to Schulstraße. Go left from there onto Maxplatz. There are various reliefs on the Maxbrunnen (Max Fountain).

### 3. Who lived from 1862 to 1932 and had a huge influence on the Düsseldorf theatre world?

- L** Louise Dumont
- D** Arthur Schlossmann
- C** Heinrich Heine

From Maxplatz stay right on Orangeriestraße. To your left, you'll see the Mariensäule (Mary's Column).

### 4. What is Mary "wearing" on her head?

- S** A halo
- K** A nimbus
- E** A circle of stars

Leave the square via Orangeriestraße and go right across Anna-Maria-Luisa-Medici-Platz towards Bäckerstraße. On your left you will come to the former Palais Spee which is home to Düsseldorf's oldest museum.

### 5. Which museum is it?

- N** SchifffahrtMuseum (Maritime Museum)
- F** Naturkundemuseum (Natural History Museum)
- O** Stadtmuseum (City Museum)

Now go back to Bäckerstraße and all the way to the end of Citadellstraße. At the intersection with Schulstraße, you will see an advertising pillar. On top of it is one of the nine stylites in Düsseldorf by the artist Christoph Pöggeler.

### 6. Which one is it?

- BE** "The Model"
- TO** "The Bride"
- OF** "The Actress"

Now walk along Schulstraße staying on the left, as far as the Rhine. Then go along Rathausufer and continue on the right, as far as the Pegeluhr. Looking downriver you will see the first member of the Düsseldorf bridge family – Oberkassel Bridge.



### 7. What extraordinary feat of engineering is associated with this bridge?

- A** It is the city's newest cable-stayed bridge.
- C** In 1976 it was shifted 47.5 metres downriver.
- S** With a length of 614.72 metres, it is the world's longest cable-stayed bridge.

With the Rheinpegel Clock behind you, go straight on to Zollstraße. Back in his day, Elector Johann Wilhelm II (Jan Wellem) was known to have caroused with the city's artists at the "En de Canon" tavern.

### 8. What is now housed at No. 9?

- NE** The Prince's Carriage of the Carnival Prince and Venetia
- JA** The Hoppeditz Monument, created by Düsseldorf artist, Bert Gerresheim
- DU** Carnival medals

Go to the end of Zollstraße. You will come to the Marktplatz and the monument to the Elector. Düsseldorf has him to thank for the Kunstakademie (Academy of Art) which was born out of the painters' school.



### 9. From 1570 to 1573, which architect built the Rathaussturm (City Hall Tower) where Justitia watches over justice?

- B** Friedrich Tamms
- R** Heinrich Tussmann
- Q** Johann J. Couven

Going from the Marktplatz, stay left and go towards Burgplatz with the Schlossturm, the last remaining part of the Düsseldorf city palace. On the square you will see the Radschlägerbrunnen (Cartwheeler Fountain).

### 10. According to the legend, what is the significance of cartwheeling for Düsseldorf?

- ME** Citizens cartwheeled to protest against a tax on Altbier.
- NO** Beggars' children would turn cartwheels to get alms.
- WE** Children cartwheeled in delight after victory at the Battle of Worringen.

Leave Burgplatz and go to Müller-Schlösser-Gasse/Josef-Wimmers-Gasse. Here you will see the "Stadterhebungsmonument" (monument to the city's foundation).

### 11. When was it erected?

- E** 1988 – for the city's 700th anniversary
- Z** 2013 – for the city's 750th anniversary
- K** 1938 – for the city's 650th anniversary

Continue along Müller-Schlösser-Gasse as far as Stiftsplatz and then go right, past the St. Lambertus Basilica with its twisted spire, to Lambertusstraße. At the end of this road you will see the oldest house in Düsseldorf.

### 12. In what year was it built?

- X** 1301
- L** 1288
- S** 1378

Go left up Liefergasse, then right past Ursulinengasse, onto Ratinger Straße. From Ratinger Straße turn right onto Ratinger Mauer, and then continue on to Paul-Klee-Platz which, since 2010, has been adorned with the mural "Hornet" by Sarah Morris.

### 13. What ran along here in times past?

- U** Brückerbach
- A** Düssel
- M** Stadtmauer (city wall)

Leave Grabbeplatz on the lefthand side, and go to Heinrich-Heine-Allee. Cross this avenue and enter the Hofgarten, the city's oldest public park. Passing the Deutsche Oper am Rhein (opera house), you will come to the Kö-Bogen with buildings designed by Daniel Libeskind. Cross the bridge, and find the nail.